Separate financial statements

31 December 2016

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GENERAL INFORMATION

THE COMPANY

Nam Long Investment Corporation ("the Company") is a joint stock company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Business Registration Certificate No.4103004194 issued by the Ho Chi Minh City Department of Planning and Investment ("DPI") on 27 December 2005, as amended.

The fifteenth amendment dated 5 September 2016 approved the increase in the Company's share capital to VND 1,421,145,100,000.

The Company's shares were listed on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange ("HOSE") with code NLG in accordance with Decision No. 14/2013/QD-SGDHCM issued by HOSE on 25 January 2013.

As at 31 December 2016, the Company has fourteen direct subsidiaries and two indirect subsidiaries and one jointly-controlled entity with details as follows:

Company	Location	Business
Subsidiaries		
Nam Long Property Management and Development One Member Limited Company	Ho Chi Minh City ("HCMC")	Construction and real estate
Nam Long Service Joint Stock Company	HCMC	Service and construction
Nam Long - Hong Phat Joint Stock Company	Can Tho City	Construction and real estate
Nguyen Son Real Estate Joint Stock Company	HCMC	Real estate
Nam Long Apartment Development Corporation	HCMC	Construction and real estate
Nam Long Real Estate Transaction Floor One Member Limited Liability Company	HCMC	Real estate trading floor
Nam Khang Construction Investment Development One Member Limited Liability Company	HCMC	Construction and real estate
Nam Vien Construction and Design Consulting Joint Stock Company	НСМС	Service
Nam Khang Construction Materials Trading Company Limited	HCMC	Construction material trading
Nam Long VCD Corporation	Long An Province	Construction and real estate
Nam Phan Investment Corporation	HCMC	Construction and real estate
Nguyen Phuc Real Estate Investment and Trading Company Limited	HCMC	Real estate
Thao Nguyen Real Estate Investment and Trading Company Limited	НСМС	Real estate
NLG – NNR – HR Fuji Company Limited	HCMC	Construction and real estate
NNH Kikyo Flora Company Limited	HCMC	Real estate
NNH Kikyo Valora Company Limited	HCMC	Real estate
Joint venture		
Gamuda - Nam Long Development Limited Liability Company	НСМС	Real estate

GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

THE COMPANY (continued)

The current principal activities of the Company are civil and industrial construction; housing trade (construction, renovation of houses for sale or lease); ground levelling, construction of drainage systems; installation and repair of electrical systems under 35KV; housing brokerage services; sale and purchase of construction materials; investment in construction and trade of urban areas. Investment in construction, trade, management and lease of: office buildings, supermarkets, schools, swimming pools, hotels, restaurants, golf course, sports facility zones and resorts (outside office premises); project management advisory service; design verification; real estate brokerage services; real estate exchange services; real estate consulting services; real estate advertising services; real estate management services.

The Company's head office is located at 11th Floor, Capital Tower, 6 Nguyen Khac Vien Street, Tan Phu Ward, District 7, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam and one branch in Can Tho City, Vietnam.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Members of the Board of Directors during the year and at the date of this report are:

Mr Nguyen Xuan Quang Chairman Mr Tran Thanh Phong Vice chairman Mr Lai Voon Hon Member Mr Bui Duc Khang Member Mr Chad Ryan Ovel Member Mr Trinh Van Tuan Member Mr Ziang Tony Ngo Member Mr Ngian Siew Siong Member Mr Cao Tan Thach Member Mr Linson Lim Soon Kooi Member

BOARD OF SUPERVISION

Members of the Board of Supervision during the year and at the date of this report are:

Ms Nguyen Thi Thanh Thao
Mr Yip Chong Kuan
Head of the Board of Supervision
Head of the Board of Supervision
Head of the Board of Supervision
Member
Mr Vuong Thuan
Mr Timothy Thien Chau
Head of the Board of Supervision
Head of the Board of Supervision
Member
Tesigned on 23 April 2016

resigned on 23 April 2016

resigned on 23 April 2016

MANAGEMENT

Members of the Management during the year and at the date of this report are:

Mr Chu Chee Kwang General Director
Mr Chau Quang Phuc Chief Financial Officer
Ms Nguyen Thanh Huong Investment Director

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

The legal representative of the Company during the year and at the date of this report is Mr Nguyen Xuan Quang.

Mr Chu Chee Kwang is authorised by Mr Nguyen Xuan Quang to sign the accompanying separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

AUDITORS

The auditor of the Company is Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited.

REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

Management of Nam Long Investment Corporation ("the Company") is pleased to present its report and the separate financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2016.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the separate financial statements of each financial year which give a true and fair view of the separate financial position of the Company and of the separate results of its operations and its separate cash flows for the year. In preparing those separate financial statements, management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the separate financial statements; and
- ▶ prepare the separate financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the separate financial position of the Company and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Management confirmed that it has complied with the above requirements in preparing the accompanying separate financial statements.

STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT

Management does hereby state that, in its opinion, the accompanying separate financial statements give a true and fair view of the separate financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2016 and of the separate results of its operations and its separate cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of separate financial statements.

The Company is the parent company of the subsidiaries listed in Note 11.1 and the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") for the year ended 31 December 2016 prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the relevant statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements have been issued separately.

Users of these separate financial statements should read them together with the said consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016 in order to obtain full information on the consolidated financial position, consolidated results of operations and consolidated cash flows of the Group as a whole.

ล์ต่อ อก behalf of management:

On Phee Kwang General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

6 March 2017



Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited 28th Floor, Bitexco Financial Tower 2 Hai Trieu Street, District 1 Ho Chi Minh City, S.R. of Vietnam Tel: +84 8 3824 5252 Fax: +84 8 3824 5250

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Reference: 60755865/18591923

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To: The Shareholders and the Board of Directors of Nam Long Investment Corporation

We have audited the accompanying separate financial statements of Nam Long Investment Corporation ("the Company") as prepared on 6 March 2017 and set out on pages 6 to 43, which comprise the separate balance sheet as at 31 December 2016, the separate income statement and the separate cash flow statement for the year then ended and the notes thereto.

Management's responsibility

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these separate financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of separate financial statements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of the separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these separate financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the separate financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the separate financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the separate financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the separate financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the separate financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the separate financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2016, and of separate results of its operations and its separate cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of the separate financial statements.

Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to Note 2.1 to the separate financial statements. The Company prepared the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2016 in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements. We have audited these consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report dated 6 March 2017 expressed an unmodified opinion.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Fige & Stoppe Vietnam Limited

CÔNG TY TRÁCH NHIỆM HỮU HẠN ERNST & YOUNG

ERNST & YOUNG VIỆT NAME

Duong Le Anthony
Deputy General Director

Audit Practicing Registration Certificate

No. 2223-2013-004-1

Pham Thì Cam Tu

Auditor

Audit Practicing Registration Certificate

No. 2266-2013-004-1

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

6 March 2017

SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET as at 31 December 2016

				VND
Code	ASSETS	Notes	Ending balance	Beginning balance
100	A. CURRENT ASSETS		1,956,102,996,394	2,003,442,018,660
110	I. Cash and cash equivalents	4	255,845,852,248	154,620,194,401
111	1. Cash		118,029,587,481	109,220,194,401
112	Cash equivalents		137,816,264,767	45,400,000,000
120	II. Short-term investments	5	25,822,085,285	_
123	Held-to-maturity investments		25,822,085,285	-
130	III. Current accounts receivable		1,294,884,686,352	830,598,610,819
131	Short-term trade receivables	6	335,464,317,008	179,522,568,865
132	Short-term advances to			. , .
<u>l</u>	suppliers	7	531,634,120,017	265,637,233,844
135	Short-term loan receivables	8	210,241,572,411	208,471,572,411
136	Other short-term receivables	9	217,730,438,411	177,295,116,794
137	Provision for doubtful debts	6	(185,761,495)	(327,881,095)
140	IV. Inventories	10	379,274,858,231	995,150,436,018
141	1. Inventories		379,274,858,231	995,150,436,018
	l			00 070 777 400
150	V. Other current assets		275,514,278	23,072,777,422
151 152	Short-term prepaid expenses Value-added tax deductible		275,514,278	23,072,777,422
200	B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS		3,393,740,537,664	2,690,176,647,115
			450 744 040 000	02 677 560 722
210	I. Long-term receivables	.	158,711,312,338 37,300,000,000	82,677,560,732
215 216	Long-term loan receivables Other long-term receivables	8 9	121,411,312,338	82,677,560,732
210	2. Other long-term receivables		121,411,012,000	02,077,000,702
220	II. Fixed assets		5,909,971,853	4,176,125,725
221	Tangible fixed assets	1	4,162,149,713	2,871,385,023
222	Cost		8,622,832,628	6,826,192,877
223	Accumulated depreciation	1	(4,460,682,915)	(3,954,807,854)
227	Intangible fixed assets		1,747,822,140	1,304,740,702
228	Cost		4,695,194,894	3,798,932,598
229	Accumulated amortisation		(2,947,372,754)	(2,494,191,896)
230	III. Investment properties		_	3,548,507,235
231	1. Cost	•	816,491,827	6,024,244,070
232	Accumulated depreciation		(816,491,827)	(2,475,736,835)
240	IV. Long-term assets in progress		_	262,801,148
242	Construction in progress		-	262,801,148
250	V. Long-term investments	11	3,214,641,902,026	2,568,932,484,575
251	Investments in subsidiaries	11.1	3,140,275,472,880	2,330,229,267,848
252	Investments in jointly			' ' ',===,===
[controlled entity	11.2	22,400,000,000	22,400,000,000
253	Investment in other entities	11.3	51,966,429,146	216,303,216,727
260	VI. Other long-term assets		14,477,351,447	30,579,167,700
261	Long-term prepaid expenses	12	7,444,843,686	24,024,698,255
262	Deferred tax assets	26.3	7,032,507,761	6,554,469,445
270	TOTAL ASSETS		5,349,843,534,058	4,693,618,665,775

SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET (continued) as at 31 December 2016

VND

Code	RE	SOURCES	Notes	Ending balance	Beginning balance
300	C.	LIABILITIES		3,059,992,304,512	2,512,781,430,741
310	I.	Current liabilities	'	1,825,394,664,521	2,109,416,679,973
311		Short-term trade payables	13	183,702,913,747	345,539,161,943
312		Short-term advances from	!	· ·	
!		customers	14	371,941,791,040	856,246,440,478
313		Statutory obligations	15	69,320,278,767	72,046,701,908
314		Payables to employees		13,429,225,659	15,118,992,691
315		Short-term accrued expenses	16	563,481,493,526	151,453,477,146
319		Other short-term payables	17	327,094,660,211	413,882,442,276
320		Short-term loans	18	294,486,468,259	256,450,226,604
322		8. Bonus and welfare fund		1,937,833,312	(1,320,763,073)
330	II.	Non-current liabilities		1,234,597,639,991	403,364,750,768
337	<i>""</i>	Other long-term liabilities	17	2,453,549,515	2,363,900,000
338	1	2. Long-term loans	18	762,261,387,000	387,948,745,000
339		Convertible bond	19	463,083,450,079	-
341		Deferred tax liabilities	26.3	2,696,372,479	9,041,852,838
342		5. Long-term provisions		4,102,880,918	4,010,252,930
400	D.	OWNERS' EQUITY		2,289,851,229,546	2,180,837,235,034
410	l.	Capital	20.1	2,289,851,229,546	2,180,837,235,034
411]	Share capital		1,421,145,100,000	1,415,721,570,000
411a		 Shares with voting rights 		1,421,145,100,000	1,415,721,570,000
412		Share premium		492,161,147,061	492,337,147,061
413		Convertible bond options		40,503,427,830	-
418		 Investment and development 	1		'
1		fund		5,940,860,165	5,940,860,165
421		Undistributed earnings		330,100,694,490	266,837,657,808
421a	l	 Undistributed earnings up 		100 844 000 5 :=	050 005 505 555
		to prior year-end		186,714,027,547	252,892,523,998
421b		 Net profit after tax of current year 		143,386,666,943	13,945,133,810
		current year		140,000,000,940	10,040,100,010
440	TC	TAL LIABILITIES AND	1		
	1	WNERS' EQUITY		5,349,843,534,058	4,693,618,665,775
		<u> </u>			<u> </u>

Pham Thi Duong Lieu Preparer Luong Thi Kim Thoa Chief Accountant Ho GN Chee Kwang General Director

NAM LON

6 March 2017

SEPARATE INCOME STATEMENT for the year ended 31 December 2016

VND

				VND
Code	ITEMS	Notes	Current year	Previous year
01	Revenues from sale of goods and rendering of services	21.1	2,469,034,929,251	1,387,177,733,770
02	2. Deductions	21.1	-	(8,677,878,248)
10	Net revenues from sale of goods and rendering of services	21.1	2,469,034,929,251	1,378,499,855,522
11	4. Costs of goods sold and services rendered	22	(1,965,582,325,639)	(1,115,060,091,222)
20	Gross profit from sale of goods and rendering of services		503,452,603,612	263,439,764,300
21	6. Finance income	21.2	99,380,917,809	83,797,613,385
22 23	7. Finance expenses - In which: Interest expense	23	(119,156,532,114) (41,352,661,841)	(72,193,585,614) (27,471,160,925)
25	8. Selling expenses	24	(167,634,494,564)	(120,436,750,883)
26	General and administrative expenses	24	(99,254,117,615)	(84,642,639,352)
30	10. Operating profit		216,788,377,128	69,964,401,836
31	11. Other income	25	10,748,029,531	1,902,335,134
32	12. Other expenses	25	(27,636,128)	(13,648,411,196)
40	13. Other profit (loss)	25	10,720,393,403	(11,746,076,062)
50	14. Accounting profit before tax		227,508,770,531	58,218,325,774
51	15. Current corporate income tax expense	26.1	(55,559,109,274)	(19,249,883,181)
52	16. Deferred tax income	26.3	6,823,518,676	1,733,828,890
60	17. Net profit after tax		178,773,179,933	40,702,271,483
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	

Pham Thi Duong Lieu Preparer Luong Thi Kim Thoa Chief Accountant General Director

SEPARATE CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 31 December 2016

VND

				VNI
Code	ITEMS	Notes	Current year	Previous year
	I. CASH FLOWS FROM			
	OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
01	Profit before tax		227,508,770,531	58,218,325,774
	Adjustments for:		,,	
02	Depreciation and amortisation		1,341,989,539	1,232,665,958
03	Reversal of provision	6	(142,119,599)	(1,548,034,825)
04	Foreign exchange losses arising		` ' ' '	
	from revaluation of monetary			
	accounts denominated in foreign			
	currency		-	1,625,497,346
05	Profits from investing activities	}	(104,013,675,235)	(83,797,613,385
06	Interest expense	23	41,352,661,841	27,471,160,925
08	Operating losses before changes			
	in working capital		166,047,627,077	3,202,001,793
09	Increase in receivables		(448,251,838,217)	(237,028,315,417
10	Decrease in inventories		631,743,453,689	8,445,955,775
11	(Increase) decrease in payables		(378,362,474,726)	394,744,093,885
12	Decrease (increase) in prepaid		40 204 240 204	(0.000.047.707)
4.4	expenses		16,304,340,291	(2,230,017,797) (27,665,016,108)
14	Interest paid	15	(30,248,261,678)	(18,889,187,694)
15 17	Corporate income tax paid Other cash outflows from	15	(29,956,550,521)	(10,009,107,094)
17	operating activities		(4,653,873,615)	(5,058,148,612)
20	Net cash flows (used in) from operating activities		(77,377,577,700)	115,521,365,825
	II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
21	Purchases of fixed assets		(2,720,854,239)	(1,413,170,148
22	Proceeds from disposals of fixed		(2,720,007,200)	(1,410,110,140
22	assets and other long-term			
	assets		15,116,406,625	
23	Loans to other entities		(64,892,085,285)	
25	Payments for investments in			
_	other entities	}	(1,046,605,195,902)	(724,577,691,322
26	Proceeds from sale of			
	investments in other entities		399,816,553,507	283,262,240,54
27	Interest and dividends received		63,649,728,609	22,263,827,27
30	Net cash flows used in investing		/00E 00E 440 00E	/490 464 709 655
	activities		(635,635,446,685)	(420,464,793,652
	III. CASH FLOWS FROM			
	FINANCING ACTIVITIES	Į.		
31	Issuance of convertible bond	20.1	40,503,427,830	145,573,822,37
33	Drawdown of borrowings	18.4,19		334,442,745,00
34	Repayment of borrowings	18.4	(305,661,080,848)	(283,810,473,500
36	Dividends paid	20.2	(101,697,079,332)	(62,646,396,524
	·		, , , , , ,	
40	Net cash flows from financing		814,238,682,232	133,559,697,35
	activities	1	1 014.230.002.232	133,333,651,33

SEPARATE CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2016

VND

Code	ITEMS	Notes	Current year	Previous year
50	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		101,225,657,847	(171,383,730,477)
60	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		154,620,194,401	326,003,924,878
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	4	255,845,852,248	154,620,194,401

Pham Thi Duong Lieu Preparer Luong Thi Kim Thoa Chief Accountant NAM LONG **
PHO CHUN hee Kwang
Seneral Directo

6 March 2017

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Nam Long Investment Corporation ("the Company") is a joint stock company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Business Registration Certificate No.4103004194 issued by the Ho Chi Minh City Department of Planning and Investment ("DPI") on 27 December 2005, as amended.

The fifteenth amendment dated 5 September 2016 approved the increase in the Company's share capital to VND 1,421,145,100,000.

The Company's shares were listed on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange ("HOSE") with code NLG in accordance with Decision No.14/2013/QD-SGDHCM issued by HOSE on 25 January 2013.

As at 31 December 2016, the Company has fourteen direct subsidiaries and two indirect subsidiaries and one jointly-controlled entity with details as follows:

Company	Location	Business
Subsidiary		
Nam Long Property Management and Development One Member Limited Company ("Nam Long PMD")	Ho Chi Minh City ("HCMC)	Construction and real estate
Nam Long Service Joint Stock Company	HCMC	Service and
("Nam Long Service")		construction
Nam Long - Hong Phat Joint Stock Company ("Nam Long - Hong Phat")	HCMC	Construction and real estate
Nguyen Son Real Estate Joint Stock Company ("Nguyen Son")	HCMC	Real estate
Nam Long Apartment Development Corporation ("Nam Long ADC")	HCMC	Construction and real estate
Nam Long Real Estate Transaction Floor One Member Limited Liability Company ("Trading Floor")	HCMC	Real estate trading floor
Nam Khang Construction Investment Development One Member Limited Liability Company ("Nam Khang")	HCMC	Construction and real estate
Nam Vien Construction and Design Consulting Joint Stock Company ("Nam Vien")	HCMC	Service
Nam Khang Construction Materials Trading Company Limited ("Nam Khang Materials")	HCMC	Construction material trading
Nam Long VCD Corporation ("Nam Long VCD")	Long An Province	Construction and real estate
Nam Phan Investment Corporation ("Nam Phan")	HCMC	Construction and real estate
NLG – NNR – HR Fuji Company Limited ("NLG – NNR – HR Fuji")	НСМС	Construction and real estate
Nguyen Phuc Real Estate Investment and Trading Company Limited ("Nguyen Phuc")	НСМС	Real estate
Thao Nguyen Real Estate Investment and Trading Company Limited ("Thao Nguyen")	НСМС	Real estate
NNH Kikyo Flora Company Limited ("Kikyo Flora")	HCMC	Real estate
NNH Kikyo Valora Company Limited ("Kikyo Valora")	HCMC	Real estate
Joint venture		
Gamuda - Nam Long Development Limited Liability Company ("Gamuda – Nam Long")	НСМС	Real estate

CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

The current principal activities of the Company are civil and industrial construction; housing trade (construction, renovation of houses for sale or lease); ground levelling, construction of drainage systems; installation and repair of electrical systems under 35KV; housing brokerage services; sale and purchase of construction materials; investment in construction and trade of urban areas. Investment in construction, trade, management and lease of: office buildings, supermarkets, schools, swimming pools, hotels, restaurants, golf course, sports facility zones and resorts (outside office premises); project management advisory service; design verification; real estate brokerage services; real estate exchange services; real estate consulting services; real estate management services.

The Company's head office is located at 11 Floor, Capital Tower, 6 Nguyen Khac Vien, Tan Phu Ward, District 7, Ho Chi Minh City and one branch in Can Tho City, Vietnam.

The number of the Company's employees as at 31 December 2016 is 183 employees (31 December 2015; 143 employees).

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Purpose of preparing the separate financial statements

The Company has subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 11.1. The Company prepared these separate financial statements to meet the prevailing requirements in relation to disclosure of information, specifically the Circular No. 155/2015/TT-BTC on disclosure of information on the securities market. In addition, as required by these regulations, the Company has also prepared the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Users of the separate financial statements should read them together with the said consolidated financial statements in order to obtain full information on the consolidated financial position, consolidated results of operations and interim consolidated cash flows of the Group as a whole.

2.2 Accounting Standards and System

The separate financial statements of the Company expressed in Vietnam dong ("VND"), are prepared in accordance with the Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and Vietnamese Accounting Standards issued by the Ministry of Finance as per:

- ▶ Decision No. 149/2001/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2001 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 1);
- ▶ Decision No. 165/2002/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2002 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 2);
- ▶ Decision No. 234/2003/QD-BTC dated 30 December 2003 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 3);
- ▶ Decision No. 12/2005/QD-BTC dated 15 February 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 4); and
- ▶ Decision No. 100/2005/QD-BTC dated 28 December 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 5).

Accordingly, the accompanying separate balance sheet, separate income statement, separate cash flow statement and related notes, including their utilisation are not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the separate financial position and separate results of operations and separate cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

2.3 Applied accounting documentation system

The Company's applied accounting documentation system is the General Journal system.

2.4 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year applicable for the preparation of its separate financial statements starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

2.5 Accounting currency

The separate financial statements are prepared in VND which is also the Company's accounting currency.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash in banks and short-term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of less than three (3) months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

3.2 Inventories

Inventories comprise development projects undertaken by the Company which are in the work in progress stage and including mainly apartments, town houses and villas for sale under construction and land held for sale.

Apartments, town houses and villas for sale under construction are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs include all expenditures including borrowing costs, directly attributable to the development and construction of the apartments, town houses and villas. Net realizable value represents current selling price less estimated cost to complete apartments, town houses and villas, and estimated selling and marketing expenses.

Land held for constructing apartments, town houses and villas which is presented as part of "Inventories" is carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs include all expenditures including borrowing costs directly related to the acquisition, site clearance, land compensation and infrastructure construction. Net realizable value represents estimated current selling price less anticipated cost of disposal.

Provision for obsolete inventories

An inventory provision is created for the estimated loss arising due to the impairment of inventories owned by the Company, based on appropriate evidence of impairment available at the balance sheet date.

Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded into the cost of goods sold account in the separate income statement.

3.3 Receivables

Receivables are presented in the separate financial statements at the carrying amounts due from customers and other debtors, along with the provision for doubtful debts.

The provision for doubtful debts represents amounts of outstanding receivables at the balance sheet date which are doubtful of being recovered. Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded as general and administrative expense in the separate income statement.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.4 Fixed assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortisation.

The cost of a fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the fixed asset to working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are added to the carrying amount of the assets and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the separate income statement as incurred.

When fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) included in the separate income statement.

Land use rights ("LURs")

LURs are recorded as intangible fixed assets if the land is held for use in the production or business, for rental to others by the enterprise and when the Company receives the LUR certificate. The cost of LUR comprises any directly attributable costs of preparing the land for its intended use. LUR with indefinite useful life is not amortised.

The advance payment for land rental, of which the land lease contracts have effectiveness prior to 2003 and the land use rights certificate being issued are recorded as intangible asset according to Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 25 April 2013 guiding the management, use and depreciation of fixed assets ("Circular 45"). The land use right is amortized over the useful life, except for land use right having indefinite useful life is not amortised.

3.5 Leased assets

Where the Company is the lessee

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the separate income statement on a straightline basis over the lease term.

Where the Company is the lessor

Assets subject to operating leases are included as the Company's investment properties in the separate balance sheet. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are recognised in the separate income statement as incurred.

Lease income is recognised in the separate income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3.6 Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets and amortisation of intangible fixed assets are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Machinery and equipment	5 - 12 years
Buildings and structures	25 years
Motor vehicles	6 - 8 years
Office equipment	4 - 8 years
Computer software	5 years

* HD.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.7 Investment properties

Investment properties are stated at cost including transaction costs less accumulated depreciation and amortisation.

Subsequent expenditure relating to an investment property that has already been recognized is added to the net book value of the investment property when it is probable that future economic benefits, in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing investment property, will flow to the Company.

Depreciation and amortisation of investment properties are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Buildings and structures

6 - 25 years

LUR with indefinite useful life is not amortised.

Investment properties are derecognised in the separate balance sheet when either they have been disposed of or when the investment properties are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets is recognised in the separate income statement in the year of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to investment properties when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by ending of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or ending of construction or development. Transfers are made from investment properties when, and only when, there is change in use, evidenced by commencement of owner-occupation or commencement of development with a view to sale. The transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property or inventories does not change the cost or the carrying value of the property for subsequent accounting at the date of change in use.

3.8 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds and are recorded as expense during the year in which they are incurred, except to the extent that they are capitalized as explained in the following paragraph.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset.

3.9 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are reported as short-term or long-term prepaid expenses on the separate balance sheet and amortised over the period for which the amounts are paid or the period in which economic benefits are generated in relation to these expenses.

The following types of expenses are recorded as long-term prepaid expense and are amortised to the separate income statement over 2 to 5 years:

- Tools and consumables with large value issued into construction and can be used for more than one year;
- Show houses; and
- Commission fee.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.10 Investments

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries over which the Company has control are carried at cost.

Distributions from accumulated net profits of the subsidiaries arising subsequent to the date of acquisition are recognised in the separate income statement. Distributions from sources other than from such profits are considered a recovery of investment and are deducted to the cost of the investment.

Interests in joint ventures

Investments in joint ventures over which the Company has joint control with the other venture are carried at cost.

Distributions from accumulated net profits of the joint ventures arising subsequent to the date of acquisition are recognised in the separate income statement. Distributions from sources other than from such profits are considered a recovery of investment and are deducted to the cost of the investment.

Investments in other entities

Investments in other entities are stated at their acquisition costs.

Provision for investments

Provision is made for any diminution in value of the investments in capital of other entities at the interim balance sheet date in accordance with the guidance under Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC dated 7 December 2009 and Circular No. 89/2013/TT-BTC dated 26 June 2013 issued by the Ministry of Finance. Increases and decreases to the provision balance are recorded as finance expense in the separate income statement.

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are stated at their acquisition costs. After initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are measured at recoverable amount. Any impairment loss incurred is recognised as expense in the separate financial statements and deducted against the value of such investments.

3.11 Payables and accruals

Payables and accruals are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

3.12 Accrual for severance pay

The severance pay to employee is accrued at the end of each reporting year for all employees who have been being in service for more than 12 months up to 31 December 2008 at the rate of one-half of the average monthly salary for each year of service up to 31 December 2008 in accordance with the Labour Code, and related implementing guidance. The average monthly salary used in this calculation will be revised at the end of each reporting period following the average monthly salary of the 6-month period up to the reporting date. Any increase to the accrued amount will be taken to the separate income statement.

This accrued severance pay is used to settle the termination allowance to be paid to employee upon termination of their labour contract following Article 48 of the Labour Code.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.13 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Company's reporting currency of VND are recorded at the actual transaction exchange rates at transaction dates which are determined as follows:

- Transactions resulting in receivables are recorded at the buying exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for collection; and
- Transactions resulting in liabilities are recorded at the selling exchange rates of the transaction of commercial banks designated for payment.

At the end of the year, monetary balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the actual transaction exchange rates at the balance sheet dates which are determined as follows:

- Monetary assets are translated at buying exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company conducts transactions regularly; and
- Monetary liabilities are translated at selling exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company conducts transactions regularly.

All exchange differences are taken to the separate income statement.

3.14 Appropriation of net profit

Net profit after tax is available for appropriation to shareholders after approval in the annual general meeting, and after making appropriation to reserve funds in accordance with the Company's Charter and Vietnam's regulatory requirements.

The Company maintains the following reserve funds which are appropriated from the Company's net profit as proposed by the Board of Directors and subject to approval by shareholders at the annual general meeting:

Investment and development fund

This fund is set aside for use in the Company's expansion of its operation or of in-depth investments.

Bonus and welfare fund

This fund is set aside for the purpose of pecuniary rewarding and encouraging, common benefits and improvement of the employees' benefits, and presented as a liability on the separate balance sheet.

3.15 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding trade discount, rebate and sales return. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of villas, town houses and apartments

For villas, town houses and apartments sold after completion of construction, the revenue and associated costs are recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the villas, town houses or apartments have passed to the buyers.

Sale of residential plots and related infrastructure

Revenue from the sale of residential plots and related infrastructures are recorded at the total consideration received when residential plots and related infrastructures are transferred to the customers.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.15 Revenue recognition (continued)

Rendering of other services

Revenue is recognised when services have been rendered and completed.

Interesi

Revenue is recognised as the interest accrues (taking into account the effective yield on the asset) unless collectability is in doubt.

Dividends

Income is recognised when the Company's entitlement as an investor to receive the dividend is established.

Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight line basis over the terms of the lease.

3.16 Taxation

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted as at the balance sheet date.

Current income tax is charged or credited to the separate income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the current income tax is also dealt with in equity.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Deferred income tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the interim balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except where the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which at the time of the related transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be utilised, except where the deferred income tax asset in respect of deductible temporary difference which arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability which at the time of the related transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.16 Taxation (continued)

Deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited to the separate income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in the equity account.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to off-set current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or when the Company intends either settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred income tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

3.17 Convertible bond

Bonds that are convertible by the holder into a fixed number of ordinary shares of the entity are separated into financial liability (a contractual arrangement to deliver cash or other financial assets) and equity instrument (a call option granting the holder the right, for a specified period of time) based on the terms of the contract.

On issuance of the convertible bond, the fair value of the liability component is determined by discounting the future payment (including principal and interest) to present value at the market rate for an equivalent non-convertible bond less issuance cost. This amount is classified as a financial liability measured at amortised cost (net of issuance costs) until it is extinguished on conversion or redemption.

The remainder of the proceeds is allocated to the conversion option that is recognised and included in shareholders' equity. The carrying amount of the conversion option is not remeasured in subsequent years.

Transaction costs are amortised during the lifetime of the bond. At initial recognition, issuance costs are deducted from the liability component of the bond.

3.18 Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influences over the Company, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Company and close members of the families of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		VND
	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Cash on hand	1,302,019,948	1,538,557,218
Cash in banks	116,727,567,533	107,681,637,183
Cash equivalents	137,816,264,767	45,400,000,000
TOTAL	255,845,852,248	154,620,194,401

Cash equivalents comprised bank deposits with maturity of less than three months and earn interest at the rate of from 4.5% to 5% per annum.

5. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

Held-to-maturity investments represented the term deposits at the commercial banks with the original maturity of six months and earned the interest at the rates ranging from 6.2% to 6.4% p.a.

6. SHORT TERM TRADE RECEIVABLES

		VND
	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Trade receivables from other customers Trade receivables from related parties (Note 27)	256,789,333,126 78,674,983,882	128,619,062,945 50,903,505,920
TOTAL Provision for short-term doubtful debts	335,464,317,008 (185,761,495)	179,522,568,865 (327,881,095)
NET	335,278,555,513	179,194,687,770

7. SHORT TERM ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS

	Ending balance	VND Beginning balance
Advances to buy land and real estate projects - Hoang Nam Company Limited - Others Advances to subcontractors - Dien Quang Nguyen Construction Joint Stock Company	477,481,353,363 471,000,000,000 6,481,353,363 49,606,220,537 9,715,513,304	206,406,869,085 201,000,000,000 5,406,869,085 44,853,144,759 9,112,823,000
 Pacific Property and Infrastructure Development Joint Stock Company Others Advances to related parties (Note 27) TOTAL	39,890,707,233 4,546,546,117 531,634,120,017	6,500,000,000 29,240,321,759 14,377,220,000 265,637,233,844

8. LOAN RECEIVABLES

	Ending balanc	e Beginning	VND balance
Loans to related parties (Note 27)	247,541,572,41	1 208,471,	572,4 1 1
In which : Short-term loan Long-term loan	210,241,572,41 37,300,000,00	, .	572,411 -
Details of the loan receivables are as follows:			
Borrower	31 December 2016	Due date	Interest rate
	VND		% p.a
Nam Long VCD Corporation			
Loan Agreement dated 1 January 2016 (Note 27)	201,576,890,411	31 December 2017	10.5
Loan Agreement dated 25 May 2016 (Note 27)	17,300,000,000	25 May 2019	10.0
Nam Long – Hong Phat Joint Stock Company	,		
Loan Agreement dated 8 June 2016 (Note 27)	28,664,682,000	7 June 2018	10.0
	247,541,572,411		

Loan receivables represented the loans to related parties to support their working capital needs.

9. OTHER RECEIVABLES

		VND
	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Short-term		
Staff advances for land compensation purpose	91,518,062,566	26,437,504,000
Loan interest receivable	85,708,856,176	62,536,225,745
Receivable from disposal of investment in	00,700,000,770	02/000/420/7 .0
Business Cooperation Contracts ("BCC")	24,210,353,467	36,422,865,647
Prepayment of corporate income tax based	_ /, /,	*-, ,
on payment progress of customers	5,332,277,840	10,812,576,880
Staff advances for other purposes	3,436,578,197	1,964,376,950
Others	7,524,310,165	39,121,567,572
	217,730,438,411	177,295,116,794
1 4		
Long-term	447 004 500 600	70 654 520 600
Investments in BCC projects (i)	117,264,530,680	78,654,530,680
Deposit, mortgages or collaterals	2,169,883,275	2,059,883,275
Others	1,976,898,383	1,963,146,777
	121,411,312,338	82,677,560,732
TOTAL	339,141,750,749	259,972,677,526
In which:		
Other receivables	229,119,415,606	147,734,971,160
Other receivables from related parties (Note 27)	110,022,335,143	112,237,706,366

OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(i) This amount mainly represented the BCC with 21 Century Joint Stock Company in 2015 to develop Lot 9B7 Residential Area on an area of 5.9 hectares in Nam Sai Gon Urban Area. The Company has 60% interest in this BCC. As at 31 December 2016, this project was under construction stage and official launched.

10. INVENTORIES

		VND
	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Inventory properties under development	373,760,916,284	985,256,582,460
Work in progress	<u>5,513,941,947</u>	9,893,853,558
TOTAL	379,274,858,231	995,150,436,018
Inventory properties under development:		
Long An projects (i) (ii)	72,812,161,417	67,446,554,992
Phuoc Long B Project - extension	72,484,697,580	59,708,453,218
Tan Thuan Dong Project (ii)	62,498,691,311	255,734,670,972
Can Tho Project (i)	53,785,486,674	56,6 6 9, 90 0,885
Hoang Nam Residence Project (ii)	35,642,626,256	3,166,666,667
E.Home West Saigon Project		
("Ehome 3 Project") (i) (ii)	22,776,201,587	248,397,561,903
Phu Huu project	13,430,592,654	4,353,600,549
Go O Moi Project	12,561,986,261	10,009,291,004
Binh Duong Project ("Ehome 4 project") (i) (ii)	- · · · · -	263,595,316,180
Other projects	27,768,472,544	16,174,566,090
TOTAL	373,760,916,284	985,256,582,460

- (i) The following land use rights have been mortgaged to secure the Company's outstanding borrowings (Note 18):
 - Land use right in Hung Thanh Ward, Cai Rang District, Can Tho City;
 - Land use right in An Thanh Ward, Ben Luc District, Long An Province; and
 - Land use right in An Lac Ward, Binh Tan District, Ho Chi Minh City.
- (ii) During the year, the Company capitalised interest amounting to VND 46,710,654,188 to inventory properties under development (for the year ended 31 December 2015: VND 37,002,311,662). These loans and borrowings are used to finance apartments, villa projects and acquisition of land for development for Ehome 3, Ehome 4, Long An, Tan Thuan Dong and Hoang Nam Residence projects.

11. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

TOTAL	3,214,641,902,026	2,568,932,484,575
Other long-term investments (Note 11.3)	51,966,429,146	216,303,216,727
Investments in jointly controlled entities (Note 11.2)		22,400,000,000
Investments in subsidiaries (Note 11.1)	3,140,275,472,880	2,330,229,267,848
	Ending balance	Beginning balance
'		VND

11.1 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries as at the balance sheet date comprise the following:

		Ending balance		Beg	inning balance
Subsidiary		Interest	Cost of investment	Interest	Cost of investment
		%	VND	%	VND
Nam Long VCD	<i>(i)</i>	90.40	970,322,200,000	89.33	967,378,800,000
Nguyen Son	(1)	87.30	687,034,822,800	83.71	163,898,852,800
NLG – NNR – HR Fuji	(1)	50.00	355,214,839,707	95.00	303,116,435,831
Nam Phan	(1)	99.96	321,686,896,717	76.01	145,991,896,717
Nam Long ADC		97.14	286,698,033,000	97.14	286,698,033,000
Nam Khang		100	201,981,690,000	100	201,981,690,000
Kikyo Valora		50.00	99,000,000,000	-	-
Nam Long PMD		100	77,872,707,656	77,74	52,937,760,000
Nam Long - Hong Phat	<i>(i)</i>	75.25	47,782,500,000	75.25	47,782,500,000
Nguyen Phuc		50.00	32,043,166,500	50.00	56,655,133,000
Thao Nguyen	(1)	50.00	28,483,116,500	99.44	97,043,166,500
Kikyo Flora		50.00	25,410,500,000	-	-
Trading Floor		100	6,000,000,000	100	6,000,000,000
Nam Long Service		71.29	745,000,000	71.29	745,000,000
TOTAL			3,140,275,472,880	i	2,330,229,267,848

⁽i) These subsidiaries are still under construction phase as at 31 December 2016 and up to the date of these separate financial statements.

11.2 Investments in jointly controlled entities

		Ending balance		Begi	inning balance
Jointly controlled entity	Business	Interest %	Cost of investment VND	Interest %	Cost of investment VND
Gamuda - Nam Long Development Limited Liability Company	Real Estate	30	22,400,000,000	30	22,400,000,000

11. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS (continued)

11.3 Other long-term investments

		VND
	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Can Tho – Hong Phat Project (i) Bac Trung Nam Housing Development	49,966,429,146	40,788,429,146
Joint Stock Company	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000
Nguyen Son Project		173,514,787,581
TOTAL	51,966,429,146	216,303,216,727

⁽i) This investment are to finance the working capital to Nam Long - Hong Phat Joint Stock Company ("NLHP") for project developments in these entities. As at 31 December 2016, these projects were in basic infrastructure construction stages.

12. LONG-TERM PREPAID EXPENSES

		VND
	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Commission fee Tools and supplies Others	5,414,690,046 2,030,153,640	21,498,704,519 1,358,220,753 1,167,772,983
TOTAL	7,444,843,686	24,024,698,255

13. SHORT-TERM TRADE PAYABLES

Trade payables to other suppliers TOTAL	22,062,945,599 183,702,913,747	23,245,188,645 345,539,161,943
Trade payables to related parties (Note 27)	161,639,968,148	322,293,973,298
	Ending balance	VND Beginning balance

14. SHORT-TERM ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS

This amount represented advances from customers for apartments, town houses, villas and land purchases which are not yet handed over.

15. STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS

16.

17.

•				
				VND
	Beginning balance	Increase	Decrease	Ending balance
Corporate				
income tax	34,099,666,081	50,078,625,677	(29,956,550,521)	54,221,741,237
Value- added	35,297,335,240	191,837,561,237	(214,900,142,201)) 12,234,754,276
tax Personal	35,287,335,240	191,037,301,237	(214,900,142,201)	
income tax	2,649,700,587	19,771,179,642	(19,559,586,418)	
Other tax		203,069,187	(200,579,744)	<u> </u>
TOTAL	72,046,701,908	261,890,435,743	(264,616,858,884	69,320,278,767
•				
SHORT TERM	ACCRUED EXPEN	ISES		
				VND
			Ending balance	Beginning balance
	ete of projects			407.044.704.707
	have been recognise	ed	479,602,212,283	107,844,701,797
Interest exper			40,869,556,031 19,242,885,409	20,352,242,404 19,517,356,135
	enses for projects		23,766,839,803	3,739,176,810
Other operating	ig costs	_		
TOTAL		=	563,481,493,526	151,453,477,146
OTHER PAY	ABLES			
				VND
			Ending balance	Beginning balance
Short-term				
	red to BCC partners		112,542,714,427	65 242 249 406
– Ehome			26,045,130,000	65,343,248,106 11,319,015,473
– Ehome	4 project nt contributions recei	yed for BCCs	104,968,306,716	273,464,094,961
	nce and warranty exp		51,681,142,811	38,072,369,714
	is from individuals	Deliaea	17,160,000,000	17,160,000,000
Other pay			14,697,366,257	8,523,714,022
, ,		_	327,094,660,211	413,882,442,276
		_	02/100 1,000 -11	
Long-term			2 452 540 546	2 202 202 202
Deposits	for rental office	_	2,453,549,515	2,363,900,000
TOTAL		-	329,548,209,726	416,246,342,276
In which:				** *** *** ***
	ables to other partie		91,268,750,247	99,103,182,174
Other pay	rables to related parti	es (Note 27)	238,279,459,479	317,143,160,102

18. LOANS

		VND
	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Short-term		
Short-term loans from individuals (Note 18.1) Short-term loans from related parties	56,052,601,000	57,211,614,000
(Notes 18.1 and 27)	28,000,000,000	62,166,612,604
Short-term loan from a bank (Note 18.1)	13,000,000,000	13,750,000,000
Current portion of long-term loans (Note 18.2)	97,743,358,000	29,322,000,000
Current portion of bonds	99,690,509,259	94,000,000,000
	294,486,468,259	256,450,226,604
Long-term		
Loans from banks (Note 18.2)	402,004,745,000	267,270,745,000
Current portion	97,743,358,000	29,322,000,000
Non-current portion	304,261,387,000	237,948,745,000
Bonds (Note 18.3)	99,690,509,259	244,000,000,000
Current portion	99,690,509,259	94,000,000,000
Non-current portion	-	150,000,000,000
Loans from related parties (Notes 18.2 and 27)	458,000,000,000	
	762,261,387,000	387,948,745,000
TOTAL	1,056,747,855,259	644,398,971,604

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016

18. LOANS (continued)

18.1 Short-term loans

Details of the short-term loans are as follows:

	Ending balance VND	Due date	Purpose	Interest rate (% p.a.)	Description of collateral
Short-term loa	ans from individu	als			
Short-term loans from individuals	56,052,601,000	9 December 2017	Support working capital needs	9.5 - 10.5	Unsecured
Short-term loa	ans from related (oarties			
Nam Long ADC	28,000,000,000	26 March 2017	Support working capital needs	8.0	Unsecured
Short-term lo	ans from a bank				
Ho Chi Minh City Housing Development Bank	13,000,000,000	18 November 2017	Support working capital needs	9.5	LUR for 2,574 square meters and associated assets in Can Tho City; and LUR for 2,818 square meters and 4,900 square meters and associated assets in Long An Province

18. LOANS (continued)

18.2 Long-term loans

Details of the long-term loan are as follows:

Lender	Ending balance	Due date	Purpose	Interest rate	Description of collaterals
	VND			(%/p.a.)	(Note 10)
Long-term loa	ns from related pa	arties			
Nguyen Son	270,000,000,000	27 December 2018	Support working capital needs	7.0	Unsecured
Nam Phan	188,000,000,000	24 May 2018	Support working capital needs	8.0	Unsecured
TOTAL	458,000,000,000				
Long-term loa	ns from banks				
Orient Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Loan 1	127,004,745,000	From 26 September 2016 to 6 May 2018	Finance Ehome projects	9.7	LUR for 1,064,307 square meters and future associated assets of Long An VCD project
Orient Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Loan 2	275,000,000,000	From 12 October 2017 to 12 October 2022	Purchase Hoang Nam project	9.9	Guaranteed by Hoang Nam Construction Trading Limited
TOTAL	402,004,745,000				
In which : Current	97,743,358,000				
portion Long-term Ioan	304,261,387,000				

18.3 Bond

On 28 July 2014, the Company issued 350 non-convertible bonds to Orient Commercial Joint Stock Bank at par value of VND 1,000,000,000 per bond and at interest rate of 8.78% per annum for the first half year, paid on issuance date, and of 2.5% plus average interest rate of 12 month deposits at Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam, Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade, Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development of Vietnam and Orient Commercial Joint Stock Bank, for the following years. The bonds will expire on 28 July 2017, and are used to finance working capital and for Ehome projects. During the period, the Company repaid VND 94,309,490,741. Amount of VND 99,690,509,259 will be repaid on 28 July 2017.

Description of collaterals

59 LURs at An Thanh residential compound, An Thanh, Ben Luc, Long An (Note 10)

18. LOANS (continued)

18.4 Movements of loans and bond during the period

Ending balance	957,057,346,000	99,690,509,259	1,056,747,855,259
Repayment from borrowings Net-off Cost of issuing bonds	(161,661,080,848) (22,536,947,656)	(144,000,000,000) - (309,490,741)	(305,661,080,848) (22,536,947,656) (309,490,741)
Beginning balance Drawdown from borrowings	400,398,971,604 740,856,402,900	244,000,000,000	644,398,971,604 740,856,402,900
	Loans	Bonds	VND Total

19. CONVERTIBLE BOND

On 8 April 2016, the Board of Directors approved a detailed plan to execute the issuance of the convertible bonds amounting to VND 500,000,000,000 to Ibeworth Pte. Ltd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Keppel Land Ltd. in accordance with the terms and conditions stipulated in the shareholders' resolution No. 01/2016/NQ/ĐHĐCĐ/NLGs dated 18 March 2016. On 15 April 2016, the Company issued VND 500,000,000,000 convertible bonds at par value of VND 1,000,000,000 per unit. The bonds will be converted into equity at the bond holder's option upon maturity and interest is charged from the purchase date at 7% per annum. Interest since the Interest Payment date last preceding the relevant Conversion date is waived if conversion option is exercised at a conversion price of VND 23,500 per share which is subject to adjustments for dilutive events if any.

The equity and liability component of the convertible bond are presented as below:

	VND
	31 December 2016
Value of convertible bond Equity component (Note 20.1)	500,000,000,000 (40,503,427,830)
Liability component at initial recognition Add: Amortisation in period	459,496,572,170 3,586,877,909
Liability component at end of period	463,083,450,079

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016

20. OWNERS' EQUITY

20,1 Increases and decreases in owners' equity

						QNA
	Share capital	Share premium	investment and development fund	Equity component of convertible bond	Undistributed earnings	Total
Previous year						
Beginning balance	1,339,692,790,000	422,792,104,687	5,940,860,165	ı	295,028,387,666	2,063,454,142,518
Issuance of new shares	76,028,780,000	69,545,042,374	•	•	•	145,573,822,374
Net profit for the year	•		•	•	40,702,271,483	40,702,271,483
Dividends declared	ı	•	•	•	(63,062,812,282)	(63,062,812,282)
Appropriation to bonus and welfare fund	ı	•	•	 	(5,830,189,059)	(5,830,189,059)
Ending balance	1,415,721,570,000	492,337,147,061	5,940,860,165	•	266,837,657,808	2,180,837,235,034
1000						
Cullelli year	000 000	190 TAX TOO COX	1040 080 48E	1	266 837 657 808	2 180 837 235 034
Beginning balance (*) Issuance of new share (*)	1,415,721,570,000 5,423,530,000	492,337,147,061 (176,000,000)	5,940,660,163			5,247,530,000
Issuance of convertible				000 707 000 07	,	A0 503 A27 830
pood	1	•	•	40,000,424,000,44	178 773 179 933	178 773 179 933
Net profit for the year Dividends declared		1 1	• •	•	(102,350,143,251)	(102,350,143,251)
Appropriation to bonus and welfare fund	•	ı	1	•	(13,160,000,000)	(13,160,000,000)
Ending balance	1,421,145,100,000	492,161,147,061	5,940,860,165	40,503,427,830	330,100,694,490	2,289,851,229,546

On 12 August 2016, the Company issued 542,353 ordinary shares at agreed value of VND 10,000 per share to the executives in accordance with the Resolution of the Executive Stock Grant program. This issuance was appropriated from bonus and welfare funds and in accordance with the Resolution of Shareholders No. 02/2016/NQ/DHDCD/NLG dated 23 April 2016 and the relevant the Board of Directors' Resolutions. Đ

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20. OWNERS' EQUITY (continued)

20.2 Capital transactions with shareholders and distribution of dividends

			VND
		Current year	Previous year
	Contributed capital		
	Beginning balance Increase	1,415,721,570,000 5,423,530,000	1,339,692,790,000 76,028,780,000
	Ending balance	1,421,145,100,000	1,415,721,570,000
	Dividends declared (to be payable in cash) Dividends paid	102,350,143,251 101,697,079,332	63,062,812,282 62,646,396,524
20.3	Share capital		
		Ending balance	Beginning balance
		Shares	Shares
	Authorised shares	142,114,510	141,572,157
	Shares issued and fully paid Ordinary shares	142,114,510	141,572,157
	Shares in circulation Ordinary shares	142,114,510	141,572,157

21. **REVENUES**

21.2

22.

21.1

Revenues from sale of goods and rendering of s	services	
		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Gross revenues	2,469,034,929,251	1,387,177,733,770
In which: Sale of land, apartments, town houses and villas Revenue from Engineering Procurement	1,866,718,923,815	1,198,804,898,895
Contracts ("EPC")	583,593,771,464	176,489,499,999
Rendering of services Rental income from investment properties	18,224,941,745 497,292,227	11,319,641,104 563,693,772
1		
Less Sale returns	-	(8,677,878,248)
Sale returns	0.400.004.000.004	
Net revenues	2,469,034,929,251	1,378,499,855,522
In which: Sale of land, apartments, town houses and villas Revenue from Engineering Procurement	1,866,718,923,815	1,190,127,020,647
Contracts ("EPC")	583,593,771,464	176,489,499,999
Rendering of services	18,224,941,745	11,319,641,104
Rental income from investment properties In which:	497,292,227	563,693,772
Sale to other parties	1,878,932,952,524	1,200,208,427,986
Sale to related parties	590,101,976,727	178,291,427,536
Finance income		
		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Dividends income Interest income from loan to a related party	64,233,392,125	42,395,046,500
(Note 27)	23,172,630,431	23,949,720,002
Interest income from bank deposits	6,026,797,953	3,202,439,500
Gains from disposals of investment	5,948,097,300	14,250,407,383
TOTAL	99,380,917,809	83,797,613,385
COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES REND	ERED	
		VND
	Current year	
Cost of land, apartments, town houses and villas (*Cost of Engineering Procurement Contracts	°) 1,394,445,571,546	947,009,608,500
("EPC") services (*)	554,956,546,696	166,566,874,396
Cost of rendering of services	15,716,014,005	1,077,473,680
Operating costs of investment property	464,193,392	406,134,646
TOTAL	1,965,582,325,639	1,115,060,091,222

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Nam Long Investment Corporation

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016

22. COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES RENDERED (continued)

(*) Being included in costs of property inventories sold are the following accruals:

S S S

		Current year			Previous year	
	Actual costs incurred	Accrued as at 31 December 2016	Total Accrued as at 31 Cost of goods sold December 2016 recognised	Actual costs incurred	Accrued as at 31 December 2015	Total Cost of goods sold recognised
Cost of land, apartments, town houses and villas	1,250,362,235,873	144,083,335,673	144,083,335,673 1,394,445,571,546	947,009,608,500	,	947,009,608,500
Cost of project development services	312,930,646,731	242,025,899,965	554,956,546,696	154,145,960,160	12,420,914,236	166,566,874,396
TOTAL	1,563,292,882,604	386,109,235,638	386,109,235,638 1,949,402,118,242 1,101,155,568,660	1,101,155,568,660	12,420,914,236	12,420,914,236 1,113,576,482,896

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Nam Long Investment Corporation

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016

23. FINANCE EXPENSES

	Current year	VND Previous year
Share profit to BCC partners Interest expense on bonds issued and bank loans Loss from disposal of investments Other finance expenses TOTAL	64,837,466,321 41,352,661,841 5,207,869,495 7,758,534,457 119,156,532,114	42,043,814,537 27,471,160,925 2,678,610,152 72,193,585,614

24. SELLING EXPENSES AND GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	VND
Current year	Previous year
85,991,371,491	62,598,720,845
21,600,382,380	15,909,108,263
15,691,548,468	13,796,470,705
19,254,849,729	14,635,739,550
25,096,342,496	13,496,711,520
167,634,494,564	120,436,750,883
62,808,166,067	49,653,228,004
17,008,176,970	16,746,003,756
6,480,480,221	5,817,923,555
972,218,160	935,850,842
11,985,076,197	11,489,633,195
9 <u>9,254,</u> 117,615	84,642,639,352
<u>266,888,612,179</u>	205,079,390,235
	85,991,371,491 21,600,382,380 15,691,548,468 19,254,849,729 25,096,342,496 167,634,494,564 62,808,166,067 17,008,176,970 6,480,480,221 972,218,160 11,985,076,197 99,254,117,615

25. OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES

		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Other income	10,748,029,531	1,902,335,134
Penalties received from contract violation	8,799,050,381	963,281,136
Land rental income	1,594,571,123	_
Others	354,408,027	939,053,998
Other expenses	27,636,128	13,648,411,196
Interest on late payment	-	13,565,159,871
Others	27,636,128	<u>83,251,325</u>
NET	10,720,393,403	(11,746,076,062)

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016

26. CORPORATE INCOME TAX

The statutory corporate income tax ("CIT") rate applicable to the Company is 20% of taxable profits.

The tax returns filed by the Company are subject to examination by the tax authorities. As the application of tax laws and regulations is susceptible to varying interpretations, the amounts reported in the separate financial statements could change at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

26.1 CIT expense

		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Current CIT expense Adjustment for under accrual of tax from	55,391,236,893	17,639,594,406
previous periods	167,872,381	1,610,288,775
Deferred income tax income	(6,823,518,676)	(1,733,828,890)
TOTAL	48,735,590,598	<u>17,516,054,291</u>

Reconciliation between CIT expense and the accounting profit multiplied by CIT rate is presented below:

		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Accounting profit before tax	227,508,770,531	58,218,325,774
At applicable CIT rate of tax 20% (2015: 22%)	45,501,754,106	12,808,031,670
CIT deduction	-	(205,621,466)
Adjustments to increase (decrease) CIT expenses Share profit to BCC partners Expenses with inadequate supporting	12,967,493,264	8,657,807,305
documents Difference between actual interest rate and	2,067,704,734	988,123,065
nominal interest rate on convertible bond Penalty interest on tax late payment	877,444,538	2,984,335,172
Dividends income Under provision of CIT from previous years	(12,846,678,425) 167,872,381	(9,326,910,230) 1,610,288,775
CIT expense	48,735,590,598	17,516,054,291

26.2 Current tax

The current tax payable is based on taxable profit for the current year. The taxable profit of the Company for the year differs from profit as reported in the separate income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are not taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016

26. CORPORATE INCOME TAX (continued)

26.3 Deferred tax

The following are the major deferred tax assets and liabilities recognized by the Company, and the movements thereon, during the current and previous years.

				VND
	Separate bal	ance sheet	Separate incom	ne statemen <u>t</u>
_	Ending balance	Beginning balance	Current year	Previous year
Deferred tax assets	•			
Accrued expenses Interest expenses Provision Temporary	4,801,168,528 647,954,204 -	5,172,990,582 855,047,802 -	(371,822,054) (207,093,598)	(409,420,712) (85,504,783) (376,592,779)
difference in cost of sales	1,583,385,029	526,431,061	1,056,953,968	526,431,061
=	7,032,507,761	6,554,469 <u>,445</u>		
Deferred tax liabilit	ties			
Deferred tax loss Temporary	(2,696,372,479)	(2,696,372,478)	-	204,284,927
difference in cost of sales		(6,345,480,360)	6,345,480,360	1,874,631,176
=	(2,696,372,479)	(9,041,852,838)		
Net deferred tax in	come	-	6,823,518,676	1,733,828,890

27. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Significant transactions with related parties were as follows:

				VND
Related party	Relationship	Transaction	Current year	Previous year
Nam Long PMD	Subsidiary	Dividend receivable Office rental service fee Purchasing of electricity,	22,937,055,658 5,884,567,567	1,795,046,500 5,685,533,100
		water and meal voucher	1,299,817,507	1,225,869,920
Nam Long Service	Subsidiary	Management services fee	7,041,435,912	4,622,754,508
Nam Long ADC	Subsidiary	BCC Capital repayment Profit shared to of a Ehome Management services fee Loan repayment Dividend income Loan drawdown Loan interests Project development Contract expenses	64,837,466,321 51,225,184,823 23,476,432,604 17,485,983,000 4,002,641,000 2,728,238,000	44,473,791,604 42,043,814,537 25,541,823,296 149,589,000 - 47,473,791,604 3,129,352,333 150,861,904,350

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016

27. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Significant transactions with related parties were as follows: (continued)

_				
				VND
Related party	Relationship	Transaction	Current year	Previous year
, ,	•			
Nam Khang	Subsidiary	Construction services		
Nam Khang	Subsidiary	expenses	540,070,049,783	627,891,387,364
		Purchasing of ownership in	•,	
		other entities	19,321,453,583	210,190,285,204
		Dividends income	17,400,000,000	40,600,000,000
		Management consultant		
		service fee	5,679,339,537	7,411,520,224
		Dividends expense	4,694,563,130	2,990,995,900
		Receipt from BCC		
		liquidation	-	210,190,260,000
T	Outeridians	Commission expenses	52,720,136,052	59,946,944,140
Trading Floor	Subsidiary	Commission expenses Management	32,720,130,032	00,070,077,170
		consultant service fee	918,037,127	1,272,717,496
		constituit service ree	510,001,121	1,2,2,7,1,400
Nguyen Phuc	Subsidiary	Receipt from EPC services	187.874.316.464	176,650,818,181
nguyen i nuc	Oubbildidi'y	Capital withdrawal	65,000,000,000	-
		Penalty for late payment	4,926,000,000	-
		, ,	, , ,	
Nam Vien	Indirect	Construction		
	subsidiary	service expenses	3,169,213,551	2,604,137,952
		-		
Nam Long	Subsidiary	Interest income		23,949,720,002
VCD		Loan to		
		Capital contribution	2,943,400,000	21,200,000,000
Maurion Con	Subeidione	Purchasing of new shares	288 191 260 000	_
Nguyen Son	Subsidiary	I nan drawdown	270,000,000,000	-
		BCC capital contribution	•	35,159,600,000
		Boo dapital dollaroation		*-,:,
Nam Phan	Subsidiary	Loan drawdown	205,000,000,000	40,000,000,000
really flat	222.2.2.7	Capital contribution	111,640,000,000	-
		Loan repayment		30,000,000,000
		Loan interest	4,573,472,222	
		BCC capital contribution	ı -	39,702,732,804
Nam Long	Subsidiary			
Hong Phat		Loan collection		-
		Working capital	0 470 000 000	44 040 000 000
		contribution		
		Interest income	9 1,163,888,889	, -
NI C NINITO	- Subsidiary	Revenue from EPC	•	
	- Subsidiary		, 395,719,455,000	
HR Fuji		Capital contribution		
		Capital Contribution	,	-
Kikyo Flora	Subsidiary	Capital contribution	50,312,790,000) -
Myoriola	OGDOIGIGITY		, _, -,,	
Kikyo Valora	Subsidiary	 Capital contribution 	196,020,000,000	-
	•	-		

27. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Significant transactions with related parties were as follows: (continued)

				VND
Related party	Relationship	Transaction	Current year	Previous year
Mr Tran Thanh Phong	Vice - chairman	Dividend expense	2,175,785,655	4,019,523,700
Mr Nguyen Xuan Quang	Chairman	Acquire ownership interest Dividend expense	20,412,500,000 5,183,940,711	24,291,250,000 8,518,757,940
Ms Nguyen Thi Ngoc Lan	Related party	Loan repayment Loan drawdown	5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Ms Nguyen Thi Phuc Nguyen	Related party	Loan repayment Advance for	4,692,821,000	1,281,100,000
i ildo Ngayen		purchase land Acquisition of ownership interest in	1,560,085,727	-
		Nguyen Phuc Loan drawdown	-	22,084,500,000 2,675,966,000
Ms Nguyen Thi Bich Ngoc	Related party	Dividend expense	2,238,161,649	4,314,756,460
Ms Ngo Thi Ngoo Lieu	Related party	Advance for purchasing of Apartment	1,312,559,042	-

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016

27. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Amounts due to and due from related parties were as follows:

				VND
Related party	Relationship	Transaction	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Trade receivable	s (Note 6)			
NLG – NNR – HR Fujii	Subsidiary	EPC services fee Office rental service fee	52,213,562,500	- 1,143,509,192
Nam Long VCD	Subsidiary	Management consultant service fee	9,599,599,723	9,599,599,723
Nam Khang	Subsidiary	Management consultant service fee	6,215,923,491	8,152,672,246
Nguyen Phuc	Subsidiary	Receipt of interest on late payment EPC services fee	4,926,000,000 2,881,109,110	28,175,900,000
Trading floor	Subsidiary (Management consultant service fee Office rental service fee	1,009,840,840	1,367,428,951 589,475,700
Nam Long Service	Subsidiary (Management consultant service fee Office rental service fee	733,212,590 618,529,275	733,212,590 618,529,275
Ms Nguyen Thi Bich Ngoc	Related party	Sale of apartment	231,750,000	231,750,000
Ms Ngo Thi Ngoc Lieu	Related party	Sale of apartment	110,005,097	155,976,987
Nam Long Hong Phat	Subsidiary	Management consultant service fee	135,451,256	135,451,256
			78,674,983,882	50,903,505,920
Advance to sup	opliers (Note 7,)		
Trading Floor	Subsidiary	Management service	4,362,622,817	-
Nam Long PMD	Subsidiary	Management service	183,923,300	187,341,000
Nam Khang	Subsidiary	Management service		14,189,879,000
			4,546,546,117	14,377,220,000
Loan receivable	es (Note 8)			
Nam Long VCD	Subsidiary	Loan	218,876,890,411	
Nam Long Hong Phat	g Subsidiary	Loan	28,664,682,000 	6,894,682,000
			247,541,572,411	208,471,572,411

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016

27. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Amounts due to and due from related parties were as follows: (continued)

				VND
Related party	Relationship	Transaction	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Other receivables	(Note 9)			
Nam Long VCD	Subsidiary	Loan interest Disposal of tools	84,544,967,287 2,197,028,413	62,536,225,745 2,197,028,413
Nam Phan	Subsidiary	BCC capital withdrawal receivable	18,000,000,000	18,000,000,000
Nguyen Son	Subsidiary	Advance for land purchasing	2,079,195,184	2,079,195,184
Nam Long PMD	Subsidiary	Deposit for rental Dividend receivable	1,431,051,275 -	- 795,046,500
Nam Long Hong Phat	Subsidiary	Loan interest	1,163,888,889	-
Nam Long Service	Subsidiary	Dividend receivable Disposal of	327,800,000	
		fixed assets	165,000,000	165,000,000
NLG – NNR – HR Fujì	Subsidiary	acquire an investment Payment on		1,984,043,120
Nam Khang	Subsidiary	behalf Dividend receivable	113,404,095	22,040,000,000
Mr Nguyen Xuan Quang	Chairman	Advance to acquire an investment		- 1,999,963,309
			110,022,335,143	112,237,706,366

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Nam Long Investment Corporation

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016

27. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Amounts due to and due from related parties were as follows: (continued)

			486,000,000,00	00 62,166,612,604
Ms Nguyen Thi Phuc Nguyen	party			
Nam Long ADC	Related	Loan	• •	- 4,692,821,000
Nam Phan	Subsidiary			
Nguyen Son	Subsidiary	Loan		
Loans (Note 18)	Subsidiary	Loan	270,000,000,00	- 0
			238,279,459,47	9 317,143,160,102
Nam Phan	Supsidially	contribution received for BCC		<u>8</u>
Now Phon	Subsidiary	ownership Investment	2,488,210,00	u -
		Long An Project Purchasing of	15,671,000,00	
Nam Khang	Subsidiary	Investment contribution received for BCC -	45 255 65	0 45 674 000 000
		Profit share for Ehome Project	138,587,844,42	76,662,263,579
		received for BCC - Ehome Project	81,393,726,134	224,809,896,523
Nam Long ADC	Subsidiary	Investment contribution		
Other payables (
			16 <u>1,639,968,148</u>	322,233,313,230
Ms. Nguyen Thi Ngoc Lan	party	zena poranania	464 630 060 440	322,293,973,298
Quang	Related	Land purchasing	-	4,552,800,000
Trading Floor Mr. Nguyen Xuan	irman	Land purchasing	-	3,165,600,000
Trading Floor	subsidiary Subsidiary	Commission	,	16,499,281,015
Nam Vien	Indirect	Construction service fee	142,290,000	456,485,097
Nam Long VCD	Subsidiary	Office rental	206,910,000	-
Nam Long Service	Subsidiary	Management service expenses	2,989,058,872	1,815,349,656
Nam Long ADC	Subsidiary	Management service expenses	17,305,773,199	89,515,853,330
Nam Khang	Subsidiary	Construction service expenses	140,995,936,077	206,288,604,200
Trade payables (N	lote 13)			
Related party	Relationship	Transaction	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Amounts due to am	4 440 110 11 1 1 1 1 1	F		VND

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016

27. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Remuneration for members of the Board of Directors ("BOD") and the Management are as follows:

TOTAL	14,790,240,852	10,647,926,806
Remuneration to members of the BOD Remuneration to members of the Management	6,762,000,000 8,028,240,852	5,641,666,667 5,006,260,139
	Current year	VND Previous year

28. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Certain corresponding figures on the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 have been reclassified to reflect the presentation of the current year's separate financial statements in accordance with Circular 200.

29. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating lease commitments

As leasee

The Company leases office space for its head office in Capital Tower, 6 Nguyen Khac Vien Street, Tan Phu Ward, District 7, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam owned by Nam Long Development Corporation - the Company's subsidiary. The future minimum lease commitments as at 31 December 2016 under the operating lease agreements are as follows:

TOTAL	15,319,735,457	23,183,843,466
Less than one year From one to five years	6,127,894,183 9,191,841,274	6,623,955,276 16,559,888,190
	Current year	VND Previous year

As leasor

During the year, the Company leases out assets under operating lease arrangements. The future minimum rental receivable as at 31 December 2016 under the operating lease agreements are as follows:

		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Less than one year From one to five years	, <u>-</u>	2,364,295,000 4,546,516,364
TOTAL		6,910,811,364

During the year, the Company disposed the office A1 and A2 in Tan Thuan Dong with the NBV of VND 3,456,326,955.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016

29. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Capital commitments

As at 31 December 2016, the Company has contractual commitments for the construction work for its apartments, villa projects as follows:

			VND
	Contracted amount	Recognized amount	Remaining commitments
Fuji Residence project	372,131,650,000	(121,397,080,000)	250,734,570,000
Kikyo Residence project	301,767,670,000	-	301,767,670,000
Ehome 3 Project	127,771,280,000	(92,081,170,000)	35,690,110,000
Vinmart supermarket -			
Tan Thuan Dong project	34,665,790,000	(30,502,500,000)	4,163,290,000
Flora Anh Dao project	23,969,773,849	(11,678,470,000)	12,291,303,849
Hoang Nam project	18,947,550,000	(3,780,000,000)	15,167,550,000
Binh Duong project	2,305,080,000	(1,559,010,000)	746,070,000
Phu Thuan Project	478,710,000	(257,000,000)	221,710,000
Camellia project	279,040,000		279,040,000
TOTAL	882,316,543,849	(261,255,230,000)	621,061,313,849

30. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

There is no matter or circumstance that has arisen since the balance sheet date that requires adjustment or disclosure in the separate financial statements of the Company.

Pham Thi Duong Lieu Preparer Luong Thi Kim Thoa Chief Accountant Chee Kwang General Director

6 March 2017